









# State IM/IT Priorities for Digital Transformation

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### **Enterprise Architecture Value Chain**

Observe the Contextual Environment

Fiscal Circumstances
Macroeconomics
Customer Expectations
Customer Behavior
Regulations
New Technology
Competition
Mandate

Observe the Need or Opportunity (Market)

SWOT Analysis
Risks Analysis
Assumptions
Policies
Stakeholders
Supply / Demand
Economics
Access

Determine Strategic Business Intent

Decisions

Decisions

Decisions

Objectives
Strategies
Performance
Ethics
Accountability

Enable Strategic Business Intent

Business
Relationships
Processes
Information
Organizations
Value Chains
Management
Initiatives
Analytics / Six Sigma
Balanced Scorecard
Geospatial Capabilities
Records Management
Security
AI, AR, VR, metaverse
Identity Management









Capabilities













#### STATE CIO TOP 10 PRIORITIES

Priority Strategies, Management Processes and Solutions for 2023

01

**Cybersecurity and Risk Management** 

02



Digital Government / Digital Services

03



Workforce

04



**Legacy Modernization** 

05



Identity and Access Management 06



**Cloud Services** 

07



Consolidation/ Optimization

08



Data and Information Management

09



**Broadband/ Wireless Connectivity** 

10



**Customer Relationship Management** 













#### **State CIO TOP 10 PRIORITIES**

Priority Technologies, Applications and Tools for 2023



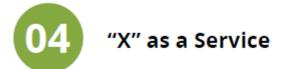
















10 Business Process Integration Tools

















State IT organization transition continues: CIO as broker business model, evolution from owner-operator to more managed services, outsourcing and multi-supplier initiatives

Elevated cyber threats during pandemic, nation state and criminal attacks, more focus on enterprise cybersecurity models, whole-of-state collaboration, ransomware mitigation, zero trust framework

5R challenges of state IT workforce: **r**ecruitment, **r**etention, **r**eskilling, **r**etirements, **r**esignations - a crisis with cybersecurity positions

Focus on digital government services: improved citizen experience, citizen-centric design, security, automation, citizen identity management







## How would you describe the current role of the state CIO organization?



Has a voice in state agency strategy and strategic initiatives



Develop, acquire and deliver infrastructure services to state agencies



Ensure IT systems comply with security and regulatory requirements



Drive innovation or modernization programs















## How is the CIO organization moving to deliver services to agencies within the next two years?



Consolidation of infrastructure



Centralization of IT project management and oversight under the CIO organization



Consolidation of services (e.g., help desk, training etc.)



Consolidation of applications



Responsibility for technology procurement within the CIO organization







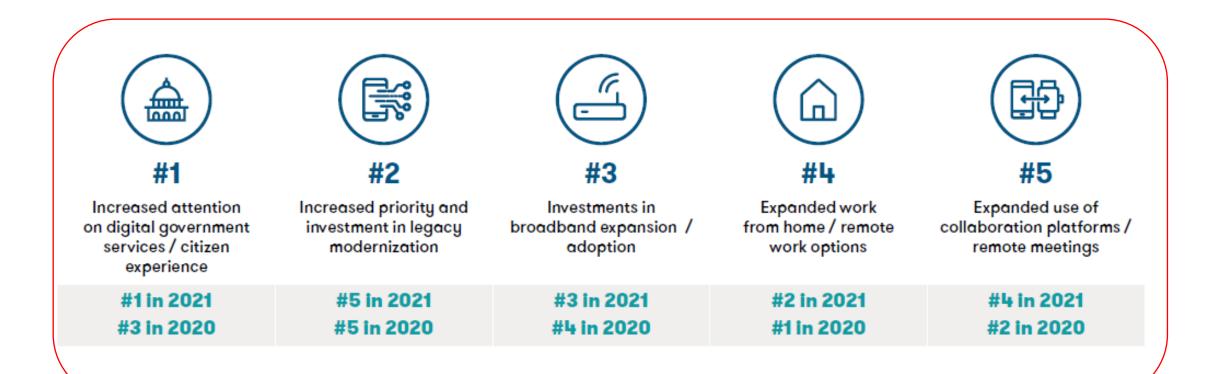








# Rank the top five business processes, practices or investment changes that you believe will continue post COVID-19 pandemic?

















"Workforce is the single largest challenge any leader faces and getting the workforce component right is the make / break success of the CIO."

-State CIO















# Besides increased compensation, what <u>single action</u> should be implemented that would be the most impactful in recruiting and retaining the future IT workforce in your state?

	2022	2019	2017
Reskilling current employees to meet modern IT demands	35%	25%	N/A
Aligning IT job titles, classifications and descriptions more closely to the private sector	31%	33%	31%
Increasing remote work options	18%	N/A	N/A
Expanding flexible work schedules	8%	N/A	N/A
Streamlining the hiring process and reducing time to hire	6%	14%	10%
Other	<b>2</b> %	N/A	N/A













# What strategies and tactics has your state used in attracting and retaining a highly qualified IT workforce?

	2022	2019	2017
Promoting non-salary benefits like greater stability and diversity of experience	<b>76%</b>	73%	71%
Expanding flexible / remote work	73%	N/A	N/A
Building talent pipelines (e.g., partnering with local colleges / universities / technical schools)	71%	44%	29%
Call to public service	<b>65</b> %	<b>67</b> %	71%
Modifying job pre-requisites (e.g. education requirements)	<b>57</b> %	N/A	N/A







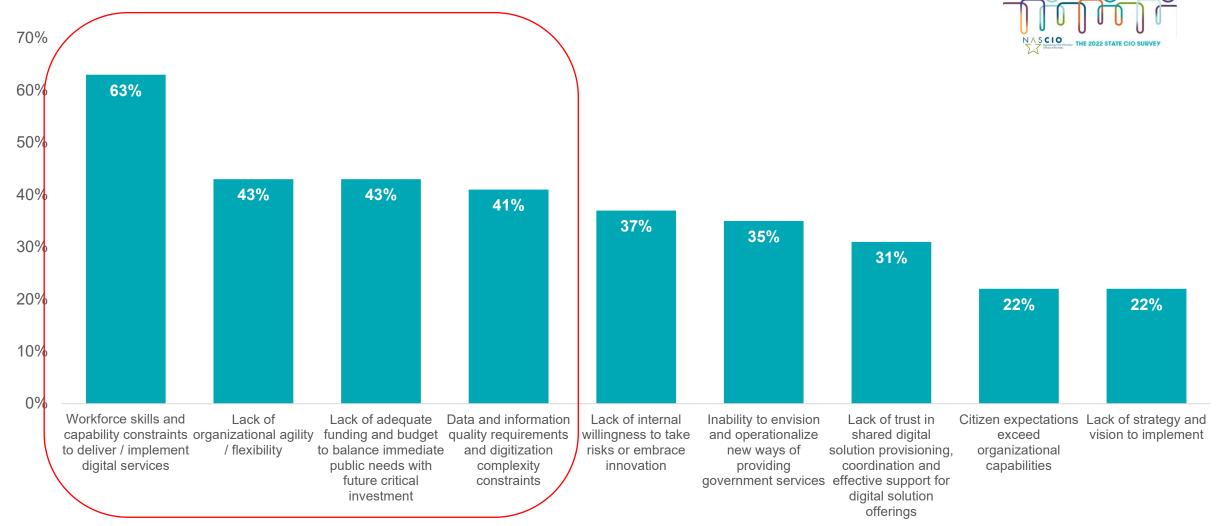








### What major challenges do you face in meeting demand for digital services?







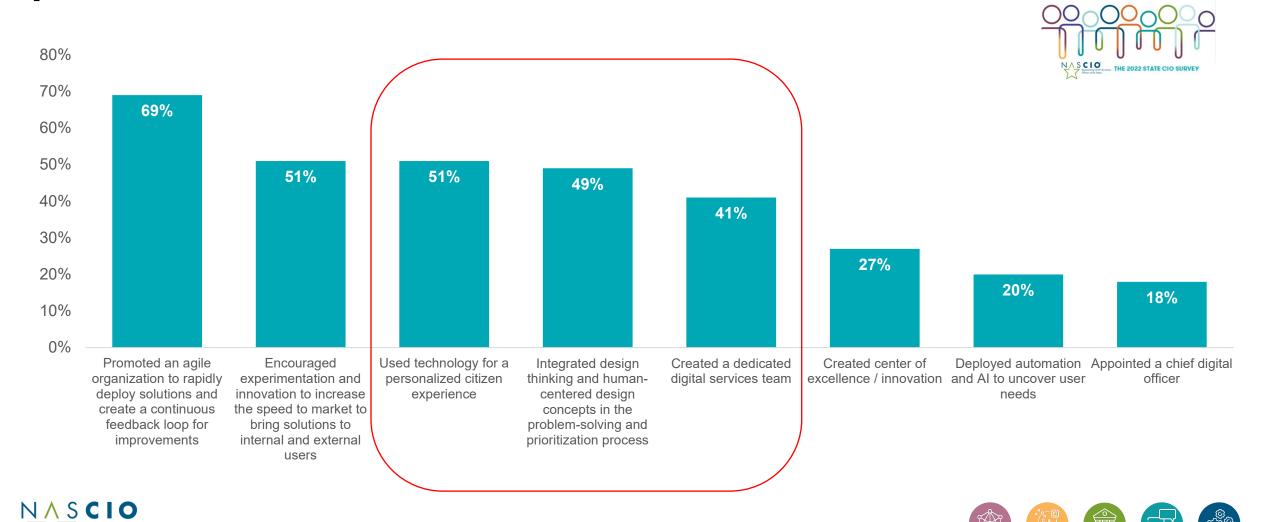








# Which digital services approaches and solutions has the CIO organization adopted and incorporated into enterprise-wide practice?



Representing Chief Information Officers of the States

### Insights on Cybersecurity Threats

- CISOs continue to be fairly confident that states are protected against various threats, including those that may arise from remote work arrangements
- Malware and phishing rank as the top threats, foreign state-sponsored espionage has risen significantly, and third parties and social engineering have declined in threat levels
- In the past 12 months, the three leading causes of cyber incidents involve web applications, malicious code and **financial fraud**
- On the rise are incidents involving foreign state-sponsored espionage, zeroday attacks, electronic/hacker attacks, and cloud platforms and solutions







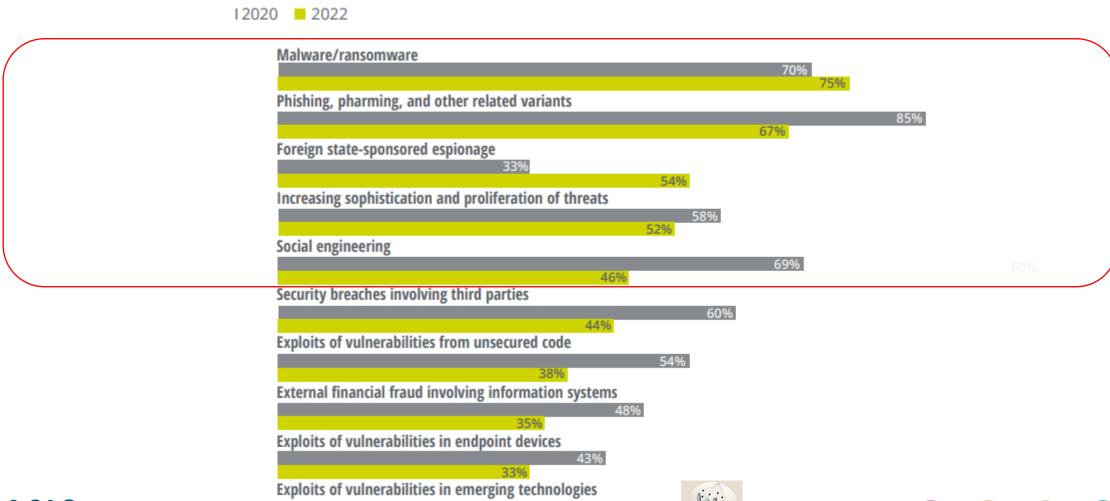








# How much of a threat do each of the following cyberthreats pose to your state? (Very high and somewhat higher threat combined)











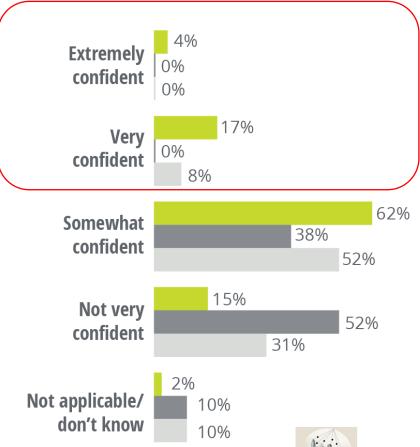




### **Third-Party Risk**

# CISOs have more confidence in the cybersecurity practices of contractors than other third parties

- Third parties-contractors, service providers, and business partners Local government entities
- Public higher education entities

















#### **Cyber talent a top barrier for state CISOs**

### Inadequate availability of cybersecurity professionals is among the top five barriers that CISOs cite

2020	2022
<b>01</b> Lack of sufficient cybersecurity budget (46%)	<b>01</b> Legacy infrastructure and solutions to support emerging threats (52%)
<b>02</b> Inadequate cybersecurity staffing (42%)	<b>02</b> Inadequate availability of cybersecurity professionals (50%)
<b>03</b> Legacy infrastructure and solutions to support emerging threats (34%)	<b>03</b> Inadequate cybersecurity staffing (46%)
<b>04</b> Inadequate availability of cybersecurity professionals (28%)	<b>04</b> Decentralized IT and security infrastructure and operations (38%)
<b>05</b> Lack of dedicated cybersecurity budget (28%)	<b>05</b> Increasing sophistication of threats (29%)















### Insights on Cybersecurity Workforce

- Despite CISOs' growing responsibilities and the increasing sophistication of technology and threats, headcounts for state cybersecurity professionals remain about the same as 2020
- Over 60 percent of state CISOs report gaps in competencies among their staff
- Outsourcing is on the rise, especially within the security operations center (SOC)









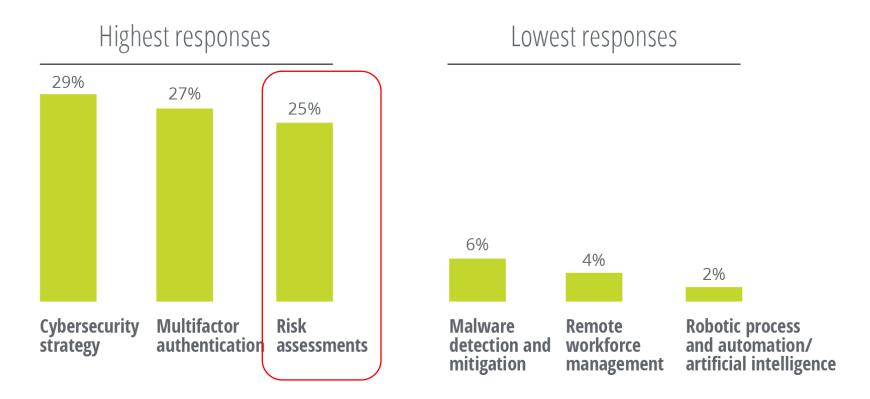






#### Majority of states focused on foundational cyber initiatives

Majority of states focused on cyber strategy, multifactor authentication, and risk assessments as upcoming initiatives

















### **State Cyber Trends to Watch**

Talent crisis: recruitment, retention, compensation

More centralized operating model for cybersecurity

Adopting whole-of-state cybersecurity resilience

Expanding attack surface – services, remote work

Software supply chain risks

Support and partnerships with local governments

















# In your state, where is the use of project and portfolio management (PPM) optional vs. where is it mandated?

	Optional	Mandated	
Within central IT organization	28%	68%	
Across all IT organizations in the executive branch	<b>37</b> %	<b>51</b> %	Active IT Inves
Across all state level IT organizations	48%	12%	







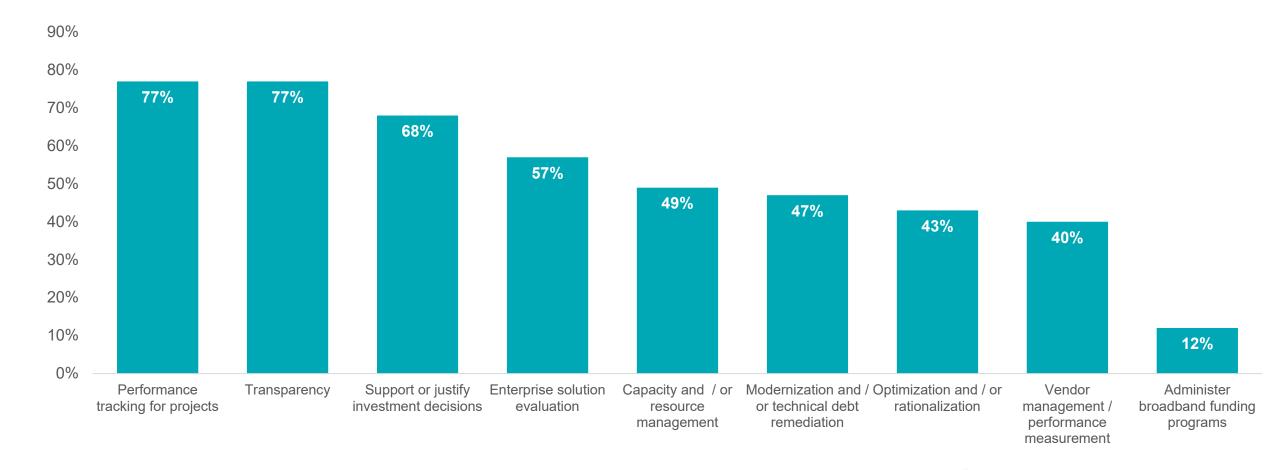








#### How are you using PPM in the state CIO organization?











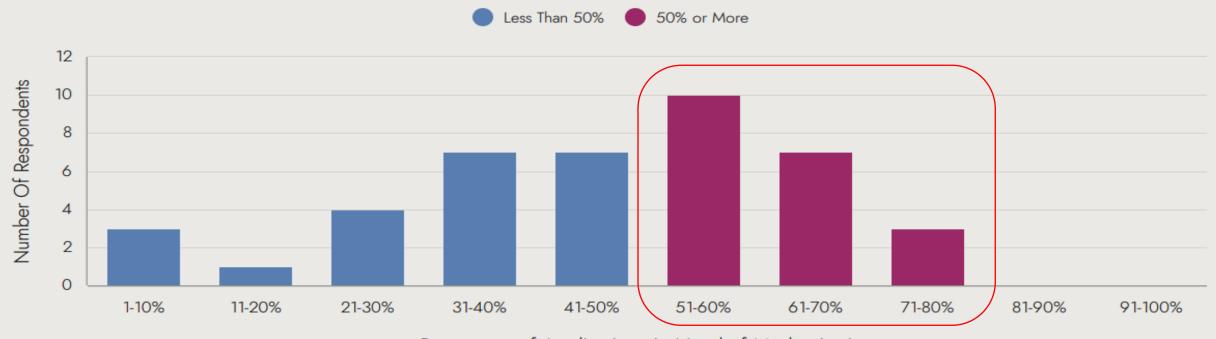






#### APPLICATION PORTFOLIOS IN NEED OF MODERNIZATION

48% of the State Respondents Indicated a Majority of Their Applications Need Modernization.



Percentage of Applications in Need of Modernization

Respondents selected a percentage (in segments of 10%) in regards to applications needing modernization









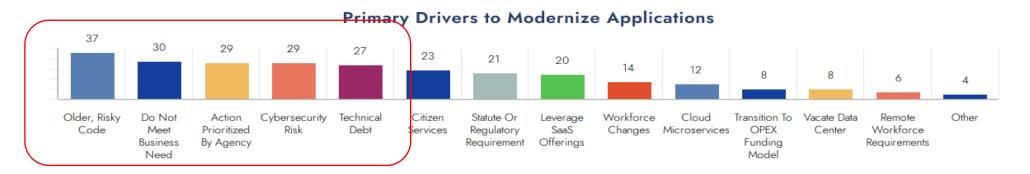




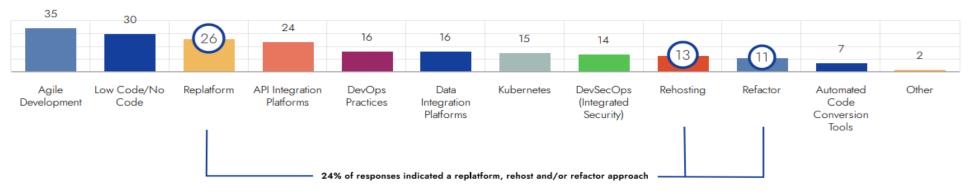


#### THE APPLICATION MODERNIZATION JOURNEY

State Respondents Selected All Options That Applied



#### Approach to Application Modernization Effort



- · Rehost Lift and shift—moving applications to the cloud as-is. This is also sometimes referred to as rehosting.
- Refactor—modifying applications to better support the cloud environment.

#### Reminder > • Replatform—moving applications to the cloud without

- Replatform—moving applications to the cloud without major changes, but taking advantage of benefits of the cloud environment.
- Rebuild—rewrite the application from scratch.
- Replace—retire the application and replace it with a new cloud-native application.















#### TOP CHALLENGES FOR APPLICATION MODERNIZATION INITIATIVES

Experienced by 10 or More of Survey Respondents



1. Funding



2. Dedicating Staff Time



3. Large Legacy Systems



4. Significant Business Process Redesign



5. Agency Resistance to Change



6. Lack of Enterprise Insight



7. Procurement



8. Technical Know How



9. Shadow IT



10. Maintaining Current Enterprise Architecture



11. Cybersecurity













## Is identity, credential and access management (ICAM) part of a statewide digital strategy?



80%

Yes



18%

**Being Considered** 



2%

No













# Please characterize the status of your enterprise-wide IAM solution (covering all agencies under governor's jurisdiction 2022 vs 2021).

	2022	2021
Partially implemented	58%	60%
Planned	22%	21%
Fully implemented	14%	13%
No plans to implement	6%	6%













## Please characterize the status of your citizen digital identity initiative (2022 vs 2021).

	2022	2021
Partially implemented	40%	49%
Planned	36%	27%
No plans to implement	20%	18%
Fully implemented	4%	<b>6%</b>















## What is the status of digital / mobile driver's licenses in your state (2022 vs 2021)?

	2022	2021
Planned	31%	27%
No plans to implement	25%	46%
Under development	20%	<b>6%</b>
Fully implemented and available to citizens	12%	10%
Pilot underway	12%	10%













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#### Identity, Access, Credentialing Management - considerations

05



#### Identity and Access Management



On the white board . . .

- Principles
- Governance
- Trust
- Risk Management
- Ethics
- MFA
- Defense in Depth
- Passwordless Authentication
- Multi-cloud Access
- Mobile DL
- Citizen Experience / Personas
- Self-sovereign Identity Management
- What else should be on the white board?
- What happens over time?











#### Identity, Access, Credentialing Management

























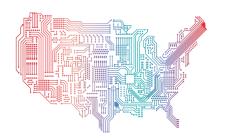


#### **Emerging AI, VR, AR, metaverse, what is next?**

Metaverse has many components . . .









- virtual reality is only one aspect of it
- AR
- internet of things (IoT)
- blockchain
- cryptocurrency
- connectivity technologies.

Users of the metaverse can interact across-platforms, unlike with virtual reality technology.













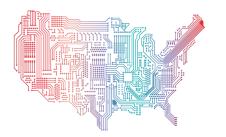


#### **Emerging interest in metaverse**

Metaverse has many components . . .

March 2023





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virtual reality is only one aspect of it

- AR
- internet of things (IoT)
- blockchain
- cryptocurrency
- connectivity technologies

Also see . . .



https://www2.deloitte.com/xe/en/pages/technology/articles/metaverse-a-whole-new-world.html

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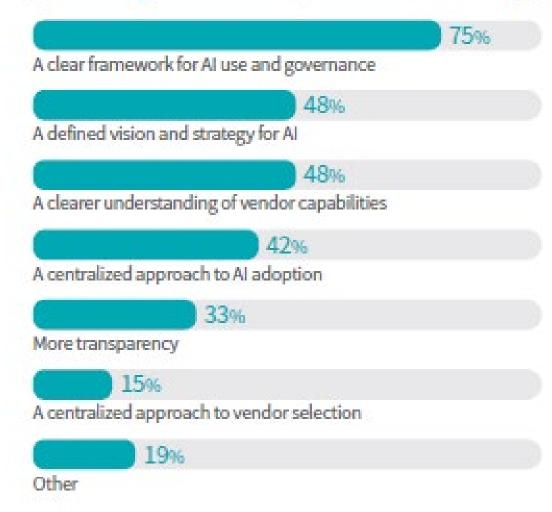




#### Leveraging AI, VR, AR



### What is needed to support AI long term in your organization? (Select all that apply)

















### **Looking to the Future**

Execution of the State and Local Cybersecurity Improvement Grant: State shared cyber services to locals? Application process?

Future of the IT workforce: sustaining the remote work environment? Recruitment/retention/resignation, skills transformation, adaptation

Huge investments in broadband; more granular mapping data for better decisions; addressing affordability issues; identity management

Pressure to improve program integrity: identity verification, anti-fraud solutions, data sharing

State chief privacy officer role is growing and evolving

AI, VR, AR . . . metaverse . . . What else is already here or emerging?













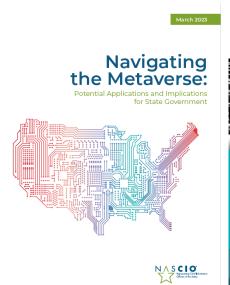


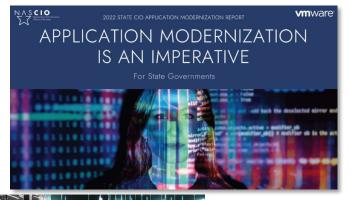


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### Thank you!

















